

THINGS THAT NEVER DIE

The pure, the bright, the beautiful,
That stirred our hearts in youth;
The impulses of love and truth;
The dreams of love and truth;
The longings after something lost,
The yearning for a better life;
The striving after better hopes—
These things can never die.

The time that stretched forth to aid
A brother in his need;
The kindly word in the dark hour,
That proved a friend indeed;
The plea for mercy, softly breathed,
When justice threatened high,
The sorrow of a contrite heart,
These things shall never die.

The memory of a clasping hand,
The pressure of a kiss,
The smile that lit the eyes and face,
And made the world a bliss;
That made up life's bliss;
If with a firm, unchanging faith,
And holy trust and high,
These things shall never die.

The trust and the loved one,
That wound around the heart,
The cheering words of sympathy,
That came in the darkest hour,
The faith that never fails,
The love that never fades,
These things shall never die.

Let nothing pass, for every hand
Must find some work to do,
Lest not a chance to work be lost,
Be firm and just and true,
So shall a light that cannot fade
Be on our path to glory.

And angel voices shall be heard,
These things shall never die.
—All the Year Round.

MY LITTLE BOY.

I was a widow,
A young widow, I suppose, for no
one would regard three-and-twenty as
a very venerable age. I was a widow,
people said. Whether they were right
or wrong, I cannot take upon myself
to say. Of course I know, whenever I
looked in the glass, that I was not an
absolute fright—and so, when my
cousin, Mrs. General Foxley, invited me
to spend a summer with her at the
Oriental hotel, where there were balls
and dances, lawn tennis and archery
breakfasts going on all the while, I
wasn't at all sorry that Miss Chateaufort
had sent home my lovely new half-
mourning dress, all trimmed with pearls
and lavender, sparkling jet and pri-
matine clear de lune, and that Aunt La-
vender, my family "etiquette-book" had
declared that it was quite proper to
wear my diamonds if I pleased. For I
was a decided brunette, and dark wo-
men always look well in diamonds.

Not that it had occurred to me that
I should ever marry again. My com-
modore had been very good and kind
to me, but he was feeble and ailing,
and required a great deal of care
and my general illness, which was
that it involved trouble and soli-
tude, and a constant burden of respon-
sibility.

And now, I was free, and I intended
to remain so. I felt like a caged bird
that had managed to give its golden
wings the slip—a butterfly in the blue
June air. I meant to go to the Oriental
hotel, where I had a room, waiting
dresses—even counting a little in a
harmless sort of way, if it seemed good
to me—but as to marrying again—no.
Not I. Even Priscilla Bent, my com-
panion, who was the most logical of
creatures, declared that I would be the
greatest fool alive to do that.

But we never knew just what was going
to happen to us. The very night
before we were to start for the Orient,
I came into the room where Priscilla
was packing the lace things, which were
two nice and elegant to be entrusted to
Priscilla, the maid.

"Priscilla," said I, "look here, a tele-
gram from San Domingo! My cousin,
Frank Black, is dead! He was a
dear, old fellow, but he was ailing,
and I suppose he has been here in life
since Captain Black's place, of H. M. 114th
Regiment, stationed in the West Indies.
But I suppose that won't interfere with
our trip to the seaside, will it?"

SCHOOLS IN THE COUNTRY.

A TRIESTE BY THE NATIONAL

BUREAU OF EDUCATION.

What is Needed to Make Rural

Schools Interesting to the Pupils.

The National Bureau of Education has

issued a very interesting treatise upon

rural schools, their progress in the past,

and means of improvement in the future.

It places great stress upon the fact that

the rural schools should be made as

efficient as possible. They furnish in-
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lation, all the formal instructions that
they ever receive. The type pre-
sented is a familiar one:

"But he is my cousin," said I. "He

has a claim on me."

"Nonsense," said Priscilla, "that

doesn't alter the case in the least."

In the meantime I was watching the

papers—and when I saw in the shipping

columns the arrival of the "Bonnie

Kiss" from San Domingo, I put on my

hat and veil, ordered the carriage, and

called Priscilla to go and accompany me to

welcome my new guest.

"If I must, I must," said Priscilla. But

she was not at all enthusiastic about it.

I was just planning the crabs upon

my chin, when Alice, the parlour-
maid, came in and said:

"A young gentleman in the parlor to

see you, ma'am," she said in a smiling

flurry. "From the San Domingo steamer."

And—

"I'll go down at once, Alice," I cried,

tearing off my hat and veil and flinging

the heavy cape strewn on one side.

"Elsie, Elsie, wait," Priscilla's shrill

voice entreated me, but my mind was

full of poor cousin Frank and her or-
phan child—hurry down stairs, I

found myself face to face with a tall,

slender young man, very pale and fair,

with dark blue eyes, a soft, silky must-
ache, and plain mourning dress.

Involuntarily I threw my arms around

his neck and kissed him.

"You are welcome, Cousin Basil," said

I, "welcome a thousand times."

He drew back, colored a little. "I beg

your pardon, Mrs. Charteris," he said,

"but there is some mistake here. This

is your cousin," and a pale child of four

or five years old, whose long golden

curls hung over his black suit, crept out

from the shadow of the curtains, slowly

and shyly.

"I am Frank," he said. "And Mr.

Lesley is my dear, dear friend. He lived

with me in San Domingo. He has come

to the United States with me."

"But," I cried, looking helplessly

around me, "where is Basil?"

"Basil died two years ago, when the

yellow fever decimated all the people,"

Mr. Lesley, quietly. "I was his most

intimate friend. Little Frank is all that

is now left of the Black family, and I

promised his mother to see him in safety

to your house."

I looked with a pang of pity at the

dear little god-denied fellow, whose

very existence had hitherto been igno-
rant.

"Sweet little Frankie," said I, "you

shall be my little boy henceforward, and

I will cherish him as my own."

And Mr. Lesley, too, said the little

boy, solemnly reaching out his hand to

his friend. "Cousin Elsie kiss me,"

he said, or she wouldn't have kissed

him."

I could feel myself color to the very

roots of my hair, but Mr. Lesley's fea-
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SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

A GERMAN ENGINEER HAS INVENTED

AN ELECTRIC TARGET WHICH INDICATES

THE EXACT POINT WHERE THE BULLET STRIKES

IT. THAT GENIUS ARRANGEMENT WILL DO

AWAY WITH HUMAN POINTERS, AND EFFECTU-
ALLY PREVENT MANY ACCIDENTS TO LIFE AND

LIMB.

A process has been invented by Pro-
fessor Eder of the State industrial school
at Vienna, which he calls orthochromatic
photography, and which enables the
photographer to reproduce colors in ex-
actly the same tones as they appear to
the eye.

Cork, when carbonized, produces

62.80 per cent. pure charcoal, the great-
est per cent. of any known wood. Wil-
low, wheat straw and oak bark next in
the order of heat value, and poplar is
\$3.75 and \$1.12, or at the very foot
of the list.Several agricultural chemists of Ger-
many have been studying the influence
of the atmosphere upon the growth of
plants, and have discovered that the
teacher changes every term; probably no
systematic record of studies, classes or
progress is kept, and each teacher takes
up the work as if nothing were before
him.The teacher may be a person of excel-
lent education, very conscientious, firm,
loving and versatile; many such
teachers are, and their works are
praised; but a school may be favored in
this respect one term and the next pass
into the charge of a callow youth, a
crude girl, or a man or a woman of in-
ferior mind and a large, untrained
nature, who, for a consideration, makes
"confusion worse confounded" in juvenile
intellects.Of supervision there is lit-
tle, and of discipline, as of standards
of scholarship and tests of work none
but those the teacher has wit enough to
supply.This picture, while it may be drawn
too harshly to correctly represent excep-
tional instances, is certainly truthful in
the main. Many of the best and great-
est minds in this country started their
education in the country schools, and
the "little red school house" dear to the
heart and celebrated in song and speech;
but the possibilities of the rural school
are so small, as a rule, that the im-
provement is an undoubted fact. One
great drawback to the greatest success
of the rural schools as educational fac-
tors, that the best teachers have not
been obtainable. In 1881, in Rhode
Island, thirteen per cent. of the teachers
had only a common school education.
Georgia out of 6,128 had only a limited
education. In all the States it has been
difficult to find candidates for teachers who
can easily pass the moderate grade re-
quirements in Michigan, in 1881, the State
superintendent reported that twenty six
per cent. of the applicants failed in the
lower grade or first trial, and that
twenty-one per cent. failed in the second
trial. The test of the final trial or exami-
nation. It is easy to see that there must
be better teachers before we can have
better schools.The normal schools are great helps
in improving the standard of school teach-
ers, but the normal school system is now
far from complete. There are 293,294
school teachers in the United States. Of
course a large proportion of these are
employed in ungraded schools. There are
ninety-eight normal schools in the
country, with a total enrollment of 20,000.
A thirty per cent. of the teachers are
changed annually, it is easy to see
that the normal schools afford but a
small part of the provision required for
training the teachers. No doubt the small
salaries usually paid the teachers of
country schools has a great effect in low-
ering the standard of the teachers ob-
tainable. Special training is required
of the teachers, and the normal schools
are the only place where this training
can be obtained. The teacher who has a
normal school education cannot be se-
cured for the country schools, and the
country schools are thus deprived of the
best teachers. The normal schools are
not a sufficient provision for the training
of teachers. Communities should be
taught a livelier interest in their schools,
and aid their teachers by all legitimate
means in their power. It is only by
united action that the best success
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The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1885.

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Salem, N. C., Jan. 1, 1885.

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS FOR 1885.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

The Press entered its thirty-third volume on January 1st, 1885. Now is the time to subscribe. It will be our endeavor to make the Press more interesting and entertaining than ever.

No material change in the condition of Gen. Grant.

We see it stated that R. H. Battle, Esq., has declined the Judgeship tendered him by Gov. Scales.

The ten men, who were buried alive at the colliery disaster at Raven Run, Pa., have not been rescued.

Thousands of children visited the White House on Easter Monday and were kindly received by the President. It was the largest crowd of children ever seen at the presidential mansion.

We learn from the Visitor that Miss Minnie L. Best, of Raleigh, has been appointed to a lucrative position in the Post Office Department at Washington City.

J. M. Steed, of Raleigh, has received an appointment in the Government Printing Office at Washington.

—St. Nicholas is as bright and varied as April weather. The initial article, "The Gilded Boy," is a true story of a Florentine pageant of 1492. "His One Fault" and "Driven Back to Eden" are highly interesting. "Historic Girls, No. 2," "Zenobia of Palmyra" is thrillingly interesting and a true biographical sketch. All the articles are fresh and sparkling as Spring weather.

Literary Note from The Century Co. A NEW DAY OF ISSUE FOR "THE CENTURY."

The editions of The Century Magazine are now so large that it has become necessary either to go to press at an earlier date or to postpone the day of issue. The latter alternative has been accepted. The April number, the edition of which was 225,000, was delayed until the 25th of March. The May number—edition, 250,000—will be issued on the 1st day of May, thus inaugurating with the first number of the thirtieth volume a change which has long been considered desirable by the publishers, and which it is believed will be heartily commended by the public. Future numbers of The Century Magazine will be issued on the 1st day of the month of which each bears date.

An article of very great interest to every farmer is promised for the May number of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, on "Jersey Cattle in America" by Hark Comstock. Portraits are given, from direct photographs, of a number of the most notable butter producing cows of this stock, one of which, "Alpha," owned by Col. R. M. Hoe, produced under unforged tests, over twenty-nine pounds of butter a week; while her granddaughter, "Eurola," owned by Mr. A. B. Darling, produced seven hundred and seventy-eight pounds of butter in eleven months and five days. The writer, who is one of the best authorities on this subject, gives an interesting sketch of the means taken in the Channel Islands to keep the breed pure, the laws having for a hundred years back excluded all foreign cattle except such as were imported for meat, which had to be slaughtered at the port of arrival; and his remarks on the present state of the stock and its prices in this country are of practical value.

—The May number of DEMOREST'S Magazine is very attractive, and is fully up to those which have preceded it. The opening article, which is well illustrated, "A Half Month in Nassau," will be read with interest. Prof. Barnard's serial, "A Strange Girl," is continued, and Jennie June contributes a very interesting paper, "College Government." There are several good stories and poems, articles on art, household decoration, and fashion. "The World's Progress" is continued, and the other departments are well filled. The frontispiece is a very fine picture of Gen. Grant, one of the most perfect likenesses ever taken of this distinguished soldier and Ex-President of the United States.

—The Chinese say a large nose indicates shrewdness, but we say a red nose and a barking cough indicates the need of a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Twenty-one workmen were caught under the walls of a falling block of new tenement houses in New York a few days since. Several were taken out, but none seem to have been fatally injured.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The President appointed Robert B. Vance, of N. C. Assistant Commissioner of patents, vice R. G. Dryden, resigned, and Wm. E. McLean, of Terra Haute, Ind., first deputy commissioner of pensions, vice Calvin B. Walker, resigned.

To reduce expenses of the inspection bureau of the Post Office Department within the limits of the appropriation, the Postmaster today requested the resignation of fourteen inspectors, among them J. G. Hester of North Carolina.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—While a heavy storm was passing over this city late yesterday afternoon Washington monument was struck three times by lightning without causing the least damage. Col. Casey examined the monument this morning with a powerful telescope, and found it as bright and sharp as when it was placed on the summit some months since.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.—To be Consul General of the United States Thomas M. Waller of Connecticut, at London; Fred. Raine, of Md., at Berlin.

To be Ministers Resident of the United States—Isaac Bell, Jr., of Rhode Island to the Netherlands; Rufus Magee, of Indiana, to Sweden and Norway.

To be Ministers Resident and Consuls General of the United States—Edward Park Custis Lewis, of New Jersey, to Portugal; Rasmus B. Anderson, of Wisconsin, to Denmark.

To be Consul of the United States—A. Haller Gross, of Pennsylvania, at Athens, Greece; Evan P. Howell, of Georgia, at Manchester, England; Charles T. Russell, of Connecticut, to Liverpool, England.

To be Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary of the United States—Thomas J. Jarvis, of North Carolina, to Brazil; Alexander R. Lawton, of Georgia, to Russia; Anthony M. Keiley, of Virginia, to Italy; W. R. Roberts, of New York, to Chili; Charles W. Buck, of Kentucky, to Peru; Richard B. Hubbard, of Texas, to Japan.

To be Minister Resident of the United States—George W. Merrill, of Nevada, to the Hawaiian Islands. To be Consul General of the United States—Edmund Jussen, of Ill., at Vienna.

Wm. W. Long, of Texas, to be United States Consul at Hamburg, Germany.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The President made the following appointments to-day: To be Consuls of the United States: Charles T. Russell, of Connecticut, at Liverpool, England; A. Haller Gross, of Pennsylvania, at Athens, Greece; Wm. W. Lang, of Texas, at Hamburg, Germany; H. Vignaud, of La., to be Secretary of Legation of the U. S. at Paris; Aug. Jay of New York, to be second secretary of legation of the U. S. at Paris.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The European Situation.

Although the accounts from Afghanistan, during the last day or so have assumed a warlike character, yet there is nothing indicative of formal war between England and Russia. It seems that a Russian General opened fire upon a body of Afghans, whose position was regarded as offensive, but it seems that the attack was made before orders from St. Petersburg, which had been pledged by the Russian Minister ordering a halt, had reached the commanding General. We think that perhaps the explanation demanded by England will be satisfactory, in which case war may be avoided. Both nations, however, continue active preparations, and no one can, of course, positively predict the consequences.—Visitor.

In the attack the Afghans were defeated with a loss of 500 men and all their artillery. Russian loss small. It caused considerable excitement in London. Dates of the 11th, both from Russia and England represent the war feeling on both sides unabated. Extensive preparations for war are still being made.

DUBLIN, April 8.—The Prince and Princess of Wales arrived at 2 p. m. They were accorded a splendid reception. In answer to an address of welcome, the Prince said he was delighted to renew his acquaintance with Dublin. The party were greeted everywhere with enthusiasm. The houses on both sides of the avenues along which they proceeded, were adorned with beautiful decorations, and the windows and roofs were crowded with spectators eager to catch a glimpse of their future King and Queen.

LA LIBERTAD, via Galveston, April 12.—A treaty of Peace has been signed between the governments of San Salvador and Honduras, and the latter republic has joined the alliance against Guatemala. The armies of San Salvador and her allies are advancing on the city of Guatemala from various points, and are everywhere welcomed by the populace. Many of the disbanded Guatemalan troops are joining the allied forces.

Odessa, April 13th.—War between Russia and England is believed to be unavoidable, sooner or later. The Russians boast that the railway is

being pushed to Sarakhs, that there are already 20,000 Russian troops on the Afghan frontier, and that there are 20,000 more at Samarcand, which could be marched to Herat in two or three weeks. The only possible reliance for peace is in Gladstone's pacific policy.

It appears now that Great Britain has been subsidizing the Ameer with \$600,000 a year in order to keep him from going over to the Russians.

Forsyth Immigration Society.

On Wednesday evening, April 8th, an impromptu meeting of the citizens of Winston-Salem was held in Mr. E. E. Gray's law office to meet and advise with the agent of the State Immigration Bureau, Mr. J. T. Patrick, who has been in Winston for some days.

There were present about 17 of our representative citizens to whom Mr. Patrick explained the workings of his Society, which was a new subject to most of our people, and was listened to with much interest. After a full interchange of opinions, the meeting appointed a committee of organization, consisting of Messrs. Frank Fries, R. J. Reynolds and G. W. Hinchshaw, who submitted the following report, which was adopted:

The business men of Winston and Salem, appreciating the advantages of an organized effort in the matter of immigration to Forsyth county, resolve themselves into an immigration society, to be known as the Forsyth Immigration Society.

The government of the Society shall be vested in a president, five vice-presidents, three secretaries and a treasurer and an advisory board of ten members, to whom with the officers shall be entrusted the workings of the society.

The society shall be convened at the call of the president or advisory board, and any matters of general public interest shall be reported for their consideration.

President—E. E. Gray.

Vice Presidents—J. F. Shaffner, M. W. Norfleet, J. W. Goslen, W. L. Brown and P. H. Hanes.

Secretaries—C. D. Brown, E. A. Oldham and C. A. Hege.

Treasurer—H. E. Fries.

Advisory Board—T. J. Brown, G. W. Hinchshaw, C. H. Fogle, G. E. Nissen, J. E. Gilmer, A. B. Gorrell, W. A. Whitaker, J. A. Gray, R. J. Reynolds, Dr. M. E. Teague.

—Republican.

A Resolution of Sympathy for Gen. Grant by Confederate Veterans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 7.—The following resolutions, were offered by Wm. Preston Johnson, son of Gen. Albert Sidney Johnson, at the reunion last evening, of the Confederate veterans of the Louisiana division, of the veterans of the Tennessee and were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the association of the Army of the Tennessee bear with deep regret of the pain and peril now endured by Gen. U. S. Grant. Twenty-three years ago to-day our soldiers met him on the field of battle, and found him then as now a soldier without fear, and without malice. In his own suffering, and the sorrow of his family we tender him and them our heartfelt sympathy, and ask for them the comfort and peace which come from Him who is not only Lord of hosts, but Father of us all.

The Assistant District Attorneys all Over the Country to Go.

There will be a surprise shortly from the office of the Attorney General. While public attention has been absorbed by foreign ministers and post offices, that office may have been overlooked. Meanwhile Mr. Garland has gone to work in a practical way. His predecessor's horses and carriage were knocked down to the highest bidder. One of these "calamitous days" an order will issue from the same source knocking down every Assistant District Attorney in the country. The Attorney General knows what he is about. He knows that nine tenths of the Assistant District Attorneys are purely mental. As they get from a thousand to three thousand a year, those payments come in high. The new Attorney General is a practical man, and says the ornamental force of his department must go the way of the wax candles, yellow-wheeled carriages and other articles of vertu.—Phil. Times.

—The Senate being no longer in session, it is now competent for the President to make any removals and appointments he may desire without interference from any source, subject only to the restriction that his appointments must be submitted to the Senate for confirmation within 30 days after the next meeting of that body, next December. If a nomination is rejected by the Senate, the nominee will then retire from the office which he has been filling, but the party removed is not thereby reinstated. The President will fill the office by making nominations until one has been confirmed by the Senate. It is highly probable that a great many removals and appointments will be made between now and the meeting of Congress in December, though it seems to be understood that it will not be the general policy to make removals before the expiration of the term of office except for cause. A good and sufficient cause will be easily found in the case of most officials in the South, at least, in their active participation in party politics.

It is estimated that North Carolina lost \$1,000,000 by the Bank failures in Norfolk.

Diphtheria.

The physicians say that this disease is both contagious and epidemic. It appears, like other diseases, more general in some localities than in others. The blood may be poisoned by the fifth and decaying matter of a special locality, and the disease appear there. Then it is readily carried from one person to another. It is known that a father visiting a child sick with diphtheria in a neighboring town, brought back the disease and communicated it to his child, though he was not himself stricken with the disease. When diphtheria appears, there should not be an hour's delay in battling with it. The best medical skill should be called at once. No child should be permitted to visit the sick room, and persons attending the patient ought not to come in contact with other children. Disinfectants should be used throughout the house—carbolic acid being among the best. Slackening of lime in the sick room (and other rooms) every hour is beneficial. Good medical authority asserts that the body of a person dying of diphtheria should never be exposed except through glass. No children especially, should come near it and rooms, beds and clothing should be thoroughly disinfected. We think the attending physician should be very particular in instructing the family in the necessary details, and direct that the proper disinfectants be supplied.

The Richmond Tragedy.

RICHMOND, April 5.—Circumstantial evidence seems to be accumulating against T. J. Claverius charged with the murder of Miss F. L. Madison on the 13th of March. The old man theory comes to the front again it being positively ascertained that the morning the accused left the city he was accompanied by a man, who is supposed to be the perpetrator of the crime. The man on the train which carried Claverius on his homeward trip asserts that when he went to Claverius for his ticket he found him lying on the seat, with his right hand supporting his head, and that the ticket was given him by the man who sat next him. It is also ascertained that H. R. Pollard, one of the counsels for the accused, saw him in the American Hotel the day that Miss Madison disappeared therefrom. This corroborates the testimony of the night watchman.

A true bill was found on last Monday evening against Claverius by the grand jury at Richmond. The indictment contains 5 counts charging that he struck Lillian Madison over the right eye with an instrument, or with his fist, and that he drowned her in the reservoir. The trial will come off in May.—News-Observer.

Lands Sold For Taxes.

Persons whose lands have been sold for taxes, have until January next to redeem the same, by paying the taxes due before and since the sale, and 10 per cent. additional. A list of the tax delinquents in each county is to be furnished by the Secretary of State to the chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, together with the amount due by each delinquent for taxes, charges and costs; each delinquent will be notified by mail, and also every creditor by judgment, mortgage, &c. The law makes it the duty of the chairman of each county board on receiving the list, &c., before mentioned, to institute suit for the recovery of the amounts due from said delinquents. No one can plead, answer or demur, until he pays into the clerk's office all taxes, costs and charges against him, and 25 per cent. additional, to be forwarded to the Secretary of State, and also give security in a bond of not less than \$200 to pay such costs and expenses as the State may recover in the action. Any one interested in the lands may be made a party defendant to the suit by paying taxes, costs, &c., and an allowance to the State attorney not to exceed \$20. The Secretary of State is also allowed pay for his services, which is to be named by the Auditor, Treasurer and Attorney General. This law applies to lands sold before 1880; those sold since that time have been purchased by the counties, and which are responsible to the State for all State taxes due.

A Terrible Mountain Tragedy.

News of a terrible affair in Buncombe county, last Saturday, was received in Asheville, by the Asheville Advance, which relates the destruction by fire of the dwelling of Mr. J. P. Joyce and his family perishing in the flames. The general belief is that this was the work of parties who robbed the old man's house, and then killed the family and fired the house to conceal their crime. It was well known throughout the neighborhood that he kept a large sum of money, fully \$3,000, in his house. Mr. Joyce's house was located on Hominy Creek, 14 miles from Asheville. Following is the list of those who perished in the burning house:

J. P. Joyce, aged 73 years.
Margaret Joyce, his daughter, aged 19 years.
Charlie Joyce, Margaret Joyce's son, aged 16 months.
Mary Rice, aged 50 years.
The tragedy occurred shortly before daylight Saturday morning, and the news created a great deal of excitement in Asheville. The authorities are investigating the affair, and it is to be hoped that they will succeed in bringing the perpetrator of the deed to justice.—Observer.

The recent Legislature passed an act to protect the traveling public against drunkenness. The agents of public carriers have power hereafter to refuse to take a ticket to any drunken man; and also the conductors of such carriers have power to prevent any intoxicating person from getting on any railroad train, steamboat, &c., even though he has a ticket. Any drunken person who shall board a train, boat, &c., against the protest of its conductor, commits a misdemeanor.

SALEM MARKETS.

Wheat, per bushel	96 to 100
Corn, per bushel	75 to 80
Oats, per bushel	60 to 65
Rye, per bushel	80 to 85
Barley, per bushel	60 to 65
Flour, per hundred	2 00 to 2 25
Peas, (old), per bushel	0 00 to 0 80
Peas, (white), " "	1 00 to 1 20
Beans, (old), " "	0 00 to 0 75
Beans, (white), " "	1 50 to 2 00
Onion Sets, per bushel	0 00 to 0 10
Onion Sets, per bushel	0 00 to 0 10
Lard, per hundred	8 to 9
Country Meat, (hog round),	10 to 12
Hams, per hundred	90 to 100
Green Apples, per bushel	0 00 to 0 00
Eggs, per dozen	15 to 18
Butter, per pound	15 to 20
Tallow, " "	6 to 7
Beeswax, " "	0 00 to 25
Flax Seed, per bushel	20 to 25
Potatoes, Irish, per bushel	75 to 80
Cabbage, per pound	4 to 5
Chickens, " "	10 to 25
Hay, per hundred	60 to 70
Sticks, per hundred pounds	0 00 to 0 00

Winston Tobacco Market	
Lags Common Green	4 00 to 5 00
Bright	5 00 to 6 00
" Good	8 00 to 12 00
Time	15 00 to 18 00
Fillers, Common	2 00 to 4 00
" Good	8 00 to 12 00
Time	15 00 to 18 00
Wrappers, Common	15 00 to 25 00
" Good	35 00 to 45 00
" Fine	60 00 to 75 00
" Fancy	80 00 to 100 00

NOTICE.

THE creditors of Adam Long, deceased, are hereby notified to present their claims on the estate of said deceased to the undersigned Administrator, on or before the 14th day of February, 1885, properly authenticated, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

EMELINE LONG, Administratrix.

Feb. 10, 1885—9w.

NEW READY.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER

CALENDAR FOR 1885
Is a folding Calendar, six pages, each 4x4 inches, made by Marcus Ward & Co. of the finest materials and elegant designs, suitable for the desk, the pocket or the study. It contains information as to the U. S. Post Office, Legal Holidays, Church Days, Eclipses, etc. It will be sent in a sealed envelope to any address upon receipt of TEN CENTS.

Address, NEW YORK OBSERVER, 31 and 32 Park Row.

R. B. KERNER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WINSTON, N. C.

1 WEEK'S READING FREE!

FOR SIX GOOD FAMILIES

and your name and the name and address of 6 good families or friends on a postal card and send it to the publisher of each of them a specimen copy of

THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY,

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OUR "UNCLE REMUS" world-famous sketches of the old plantation life and the "BILLY ARPS" Humorous Letters to the Home and Heart Stone.

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SEND A POSTAL CARD FOR SPECIMEN COPY, FREE

Address: "THE CONSTITUTION," Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Aquilla Pitts, having been appointed Administrator of the estate of Frederick Crews, hereby gives notice that he requires all persons having claims against the estate of Frederick Crews, to present them to the said Aquilla Pitts, duly authenticated for payment, on or before the 1st day of April, 1885, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to the estate must pay with-out delay.

AQUILLA PITTS, Admr.

March 31, 1885.

THE BEST OF

GARDEN SEEDS,

CROP OF 1884.

DIRECT FROM THE FARM.

WARRANTED:

Fresh, Pure and Sure to Grow,

OR MONEY REFUNDED.

MARKET GARDENERS should try these

Seeds. PRICES LOWER THAN

EVER BEFORE.

Needs for the Children's Garden

at 25 per cent. discount.

The Cheapest and Best Flower Seeds, just

imported from Europe.

If you or the children want seeds, please

send for my Catalogue for 1885, with directions

for cultivating, FREE TO ALL.

Address, JOSEPH HARRIS,

MORETON FARM, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

BARGAINS IN FRUIT TREES

AT THE

LONE STAR NURSERIES.

A Large Assortment of PEACH TREES and a Good Variety of APPLE TREES, as well as the Best and Cheapest as the Cheap.

Don't fail to call or address

Bethany, Davidson Co., N. C.

Feb. 12, 1885—4w.

A. N. ZEVELY & SON,

Agents for Mail Carriages,

804 E. STREET, N. W.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Consumption,

All Throat, Breast, and Lung Affections

caused by the old-established "WAYNE'S

WILD CHERRY." The first dose gives

relief, and a cure speedily follows. 25 cts., or \$1.00, at Druggists.

Liver, Kidney or Stomach Trouble.

Symptoms: Impure blood, constive bowels,

irregular appetite, sour belching, pain in

side, back and heart, yellow urine, burning

when urinating, clay-colored stools, bad

breath, no desire for food, shilliness, fever,

irregularity, whitish tongue, dry cough, dizzy

head, with dull pain in back part, loss of

memory, foggy vision. For these troubles

"WAYNE'S PILLS" are a sure cure. Box

(30 Pills) by mail, 25 cts., 5 for \$1.00. Ad-

dress DR. J. B. WAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa.

Sold by Druggists.

NEW BOOKS.

BEYOND THE GATES.

GEMS FROM GREAT AUTHORS.

BIRTHDAY BOOKS.

POEMS.

ILLUSTRATED HYMNS

and by the old-established "WAYNE'S

WILD CHERRY." The first dose gives

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NEW BOOKS.

BEYOND THE GATES.

GEMS FROM GREAT AUTHORS.

BIRTHDAY BOOKS.

POEMS.

ILLUSTR

The People's Press.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1885.

LOCAL ITEMS.

AN EPILOGUE OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS.

Departure and arrival of Trains on the Salem Branch—N.W.N.C.R.R.
No. 9 Leaves Salem, 6.30 a.m.
" 10 Arrives " 11.25 a.m.
" 11 Leaves " 6.55 p.m.
" 12 Arrives " 1.17 a.m.

For Sale.—Lot in Winston, No. 208, bounded north by 5th street, east by lot No. 297, south by 4th street, west by Broad street, near the Graded School. Enquire at this office.

—Drilled wheat about here looks much better than the broad-cast sown.

—The machinery for W. W. Wood & Co's tobacco factory is being put up this week, in this place.

—We learn that Mineral water fresh from the Salem Mineral Springs, is furnished at the Belo House, at every meal.

—The train now leaves at 6.30 a.m., arrives at 11.25 a.m.; leaves at 6.55 p.m., and arrives at 1.17 a.m.

—The weather during the past week has been mostly cool and frosty. Sprinkle of snow Friday and Monday mornings.

—The News says, a number of the citizens of Mount Airy, Surry county, attended the Sunday Easter services at Mount Bethel, the Moravian church in Carroll county, Va.

—See Messrs. Giersh, Senseman & Co's advertisement of Stoves, Tobacco Flues and Tinware. Call upon this firm for anything in their line, and you will be well pleased.

—Messrs. Hinshaw & Bynum are receiving a large and well selected assortment of Spring and Summer Goods. Be sure to give them a call and examine their stock to suit all tastes.

We learn Geo. Wheeler was sentenced to Albany prison, for tampering with the United States mails, by the recent U. S. District Court at Greensboro.

—Dr. J. K. Pepper, of Danbury, and formerly one of the proprietors of the Reporter and Post, died at Morganton. His remains were brought to Kernersville for interment.

The small tables in the newly furnished sitting rooms of the Acade my, are beautifully finished, the tops being of the old walnut tables and having the beautiful dark color and fine finish hardly attainable in new wood.

—J. N. Ingram, of Cabarrus county, lectured on Australia and New Zealand, in the court house, Winston, on last Thursday.

Mr. Ingram also lectured in the chapel of the Academy in this place, on Saturday night last.

—Rhyme and Reason: If you can not keep quiet, because your cough makes a riot, there's something, pray try it, a quarter will buy it, be quick now about it; don't be without it; your cough, this will route it; I beg you not doubt it; to the world I would shout it. Oh yes, you guess! Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

The New South.
Under the above caption Jos. A. Rice, of Bethlehem, Pa., who was on a visit to this place, furnishes the Times newspaper with a detailed correct statement of the business of Winston and Salem, &c., for which this community is certainly under obligations. It will be news to many of his Northern friends. Owing to a press of other matter this week, we must postpone the publication of the article till next week.

—The first Grand Concert of the season by our Philharmonic Society, will be given with Prof. F. Agthe, as director, on this Thursday evening in Academy Chapel. We know that the Society never fails to give us an attractive and well rendered programme, and we are satisfied that this will not be an exception, let us therefore encourage them in their work, and spend a pleasant and profitable evening by so doing.

—The Mt. Airy News says: Rev. Miles Foy, (well known to a number of our citizens) gave the colored people a good temperance lecture at their church in Needmore, Surry County, last Saturday afternoon; after which Miss Bettie Nail organized a temperance society for the blacks a goodly number being present and joining the society. Miss Nail deserves much credit for her efforts in behalf of the colored people in this place and vicinity.

POLL TAX.—The act to raise revenue passed by the Legislature at its present session provides "If any poll tax remains unpaid, sixty days after it is demandable, it shall be the duty of the Sheriff if he can find no property of the person liable sufficient to satisfy the same, to attach any debt or other property incapable of manual delivery, due or belonging to the person liable or that may become due to him before the expiration of the calendar year and the person owing such debt or having such property in possession shall be liable for said tax."

CORRESPONDENCE.

LETTERS FROM OUR FRIENDS.

Messrs. Editors:—Having been away from home a good deal of late, I have not had time to write a letter, and have been reminded of it by several of my friends, and asked "what is the matter?"

The 4th Sunday in last month, March, I had an appointment to preach at Macedonia, in Davie county; but that morning the ground was covered with snow, and when I drove up to the church I found one man in attendance, rather discouraging after coming 25 miles. I started home next morning and came as far as Clemmonsville, when I stopped in with "Aunt Becky Michael" to warm, and I hadn't been colder this winter—I found not only a good fire, but got a good dinner in the bargain; and just as I was thinking about starting, your old townsman, her son, Mr. Roswell Wommack and his wife came in; they live next door, and they vetoed the idea of my going any further that day. I accepted their kind hospitalities, and as they are known not to talk much, we kept Quaker meeting till midnight. I also called on my old friend, Mr. Carlos Strupe and his wife; they are Moravians and want a church started here, and would do a good part towards it. At Dr. Mock's I met aunt Katy Lehman and Miss Margaret Miller, from Bethania. Mrs. Dr. Mock had been very sick but was improving; and last, though not least, I took dinner next day with one of my old Sunday School scholars, when I was Superintendent of what is now Elm Street Sunday School, in Salem—it went by the name of the Factory Sunday School; John Vogler, Ephraim Conrad and myself had charge of it, and every 2 weeks Rev. Charles Beck, who was then assistant pastor of the Salem Congregation, would come and give us a lecture, and it was worth listening to, and it seems to me now after 40 years, that I would walk 5 miles to hear him again. But Mrs. David Rominger, (she used to be little Mahala Spears), and her brother Newton, were regular attendants at the school. I enjoyed her good dinner and the renewal of our old acquaintance.

Dr. Isaac Prince spent some time with us in the last weeks. He kept the Easter morning service on the Moravian grave yard here; the last time he kept this beautiful service was on this same grave yard this Easter 14 years ago. He preached in the Methodist church at eleven o'clock, and addressed the Band of Hope in the afternoon, the Dr. seemed to enjoy his visit, and his old friends were glad to see him.

I was surprised to see from the Press that my old friend, John Masten, was dead. It was only 2 weeks before that I met him in Waughtown, and I was struck with his appearance, he looked so well. He, Geo. Blum, Edmund Blum and I, were class mates together in Rhoderick Marchison's School at "Old Brushy Fork" School House, and three out of the four have died within the last year.

I notice the disinterment of William Biggs on the Moravian grave yard here last week, as recorded by the News, has been copied pretty generally. I only kept the burial services at the grave, as the funeral was deferred till some other time. I saw him opened and looked at him for some time, and how anybody could form any other idea but what it was in reality a corpse, never occurred to me; and when a few hours afterwards, I found the grave yard filled with an excited multitude digging out the corpse, I confess it made me feel very strange—for I thought, if he is not dead, I have helped to put a great many live people in the ground in the last forty years. I then first learned that the Town Commissioners had been called together and the disinterment agreed upon. Of course it was all well meant, but I still think that I, in common courtesy, might have been asked my opinion about it.

Mr. Biggs is, I believe, the first patient that ever died at Dr. Hamilton's Sanitarium in Waughtown, and I hope the Dr. will not let it happen again.

On last Sunday I kept Easter services at Friedland. At 10 o'clock we went on the graveyard and read the Easter Litany; and Mr. Delap, who has conducted a singing class here, was present, and with his class sang some very appropriate pieces, on the graveyard, and also afterwards in the church. It certainly added to the solemnities of the services, and was unexpected to me, as I am always glad for such help.

Rev. L. B. Wureschke kept the Easter services at New Philadelphia, and reports a large attendance, and Professor Clewell, Assistant principal of the Academy, attended at Macedonia, so that our congregations were mostly provided for.

Just at this time we have a sprinkling of measles in town, but they do not seem to be severe, and so far every one that has had them got over them quite easily. The mumps too is creeping around in places. Mr. Robert Linville's family not far from

here, have them. Aside from that, people are enjoying good health, considering the time of the year and the changeableness of the weather.

C. L. R.

Kernersville, April 10th, 1885.

DAVIDSON COUNTY.

[FROM THE LEXINGTON DISPATCH.]

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

The board was in session on Monday and Tuesday, all the members being present.

Messrs. C. G. Harris and W. R. McCuiston were appointed a commission to let out a contract for repairing the bridge across Abbott's Creek at Holme's mill, the cost not to exceed \$50.

The board of supervisors of Abbott's Creek Township was authorized to let out a contract for repairing the bridge at Beeson's mill, the cost not to exceed \$30.

It was ordered that claims of witnesses in State cases be consolidated so as not to make more than one claim for each witness.

Messrs. John Delap, David Huffman, Jeff Younis, John Thomson and Eli Zimmerman were appointed drainage commissioners for Reedy Creek.

The following tax listers were appointed to list the taxes this year: S. W. Rice, Lexington; Samuel McCuiston, Cotton Grove; Frank Smith, Boone; H. H. Hartley, Tyro; H. T. Phillips, Yadin College; Frank Hanes, Reedy Creek; S. S. Jones, Clemmonsville; Elisha Raper, Arcadia; J. B. Sicheloff, Midway; N. W. Beeson, Abbott's Creek; I. Regan, Thomasville; E. P. May, Conrad Hill; J. R. Plummer, Emmons; J. C. Skeen, Jackson Hill; John G. Suratt, Alleghany; Jas. H. Daniel, Healing Springs; Z. B. Tussey, Silver Hill.

It was ordered that Ambrose Grubb be allowed two hundred and twenty-five dollars a year, payable monthly, for taking care of Addison Grubb, a lunatic.

A list of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Salem, N. C., for the week ending April 4th, 1885:

Mrs. Susan M. Crawford, John Enochs, Mrs. Clara Flynn, Miss Nellie Harrison, Washington Johnson, Jas. R. Myers, Jennie Myers, Mess. Nordyke and Morwick Co., Mrs. Lucy A. Platt, Miss Ellen E. Snider.

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for advertised letters. If not called for within one month they will be sent to the dead letter office.

J. BLICKENDERFER, P. M.

MARRIED.

In Winston, on the 9th inst., by Rev. T. S. Ogburn, T. L. LESLIE to Miss Ida F. NADING.

DIED.

In Thomasville, on the 7th, of softening of the brain, Dr. RUONDSVILLE, aged about 65 years. Deceased was an eminent physician and a valuable citizen.

In Randleman, of palsy, Dr. DUKE, father of Mrs. J. R. Randleman, aged 80 years.

At her residence in Wentworth on Thursday last, Mrs. SARAH L. REID, relict of the late Rev. N. F. Reid, D. D.

Obituary.

SOLOMON A. MOCK was born in Davidson county, February 7th, 1817. He died the 4th inst., aged 68 years and 27 days. He embraced religion when about 21 years old, and joined the M. E. church at Midway, in which he lived an acceptable and useful member to the day of his death. He was liberal to church interests and dispensed a generous hospitality at home.

He was a magistrate for a number of years and discharged the duties of his office faithfully. At one time he represented Davidson county in the Legislature. For years he was a steward of Davidson circuit, and remained in this office until so reduced by disease that he could not serve.

He was a true friend, a good neighbor and above all, a zealous Christian. He leaves his good, devoted wife and four adult children, all in church, to mourn the one they loved so well.

May God help them to follow him as he followed Christ. D. L.

T. R. PURNELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RALEIGH, N. C.

BUSINESS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

HAVING duly qualified as Administrator of Walter Weavil deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to present them to me for payment on or before the 1st day of April, 1886, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

E. J. HINE, Adm'r of Walter Weavil dec'd.

March 30th, 1885.

FOR RENT. THE SALEM HOTEL (FORMERLY KEPT BY ADAM BUTLER).

PLEASANTLY situated on the Main Street of Salem and Winston, near Salem Female Academy. The House is well known throughout the South and has always been a popular resort. There is an excellent Mineral spring very near.

Apply to Z. SWIFT, Salem, N. C., April 2nd, 1885. Raleigh News-Observer copy 1 m. onth.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby notified not to cut down or remove any trees or wood from our premises in South Fork township without our permission, under penalty of the law.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM, Forsyth County, N. C., Sept. 18, 1883.

Great Attraction. EVERYBODY,

GRAND DISPLAY

of a Varied and Select Stock of

BEAUTIFUL GOODS.

We do not intend to be surpassed in

Style, Price and Quality,

and to convince any one of this fact is only for them to give

OUR STOCK

a careful examination before buying.

All we ask is the privilege of showing our goods.

A perusal of the following will amply repay any one.

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS

IN ENDLESS VARIETY,

consisting of the following which is only a part of our Stock:

Black Cashmeres from 16¢ to \$1.25 per yard.

Silk Wrap Henrietta Cloths (Extra Quality and Extra Width.)

Batiste Cloth, New Khyber Cloth Extra Width.

Nuns Veiling in all the new shades.

Albairtose Cloth in all the new shades.

Plain and Plaid Suitings in new shades.

Embroidered Robes in White and Colors.

Plain, Striped, Brocaded and checked Silks in endless variety.

Ladies, White and Brown Dress Linens.

White and Black Linen Lawns.

Mull and Swiss Muslins.

Nainsook and Victoria Lawns.

Cheese Cloths in all the new colors.

A Superb line of Lace Curtains and Scrim for Curtains.

The new Egyptian Lace.

All over Embroideries.

Laces in all colors, widths, &c., &c.

Beaded Lace Passementine.

Beaded Fronts.

Hosiery and Gloves.

A Superb Line of Parasols and Umbrellas.

Fans, Fans Fans.

Carpets, Straw Mattings, Oil Cloths, Stair Carpeting, &c.

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

We are headquarters for these goods and have just opened a nice line and

GUARANTEE TO PLEASE

the most fastidious in

STYLE, PRICE AND QUALITY.

Ladies and Gents' SILK FURNISHED GOSAMERS.

MILLINERY.

LADIES HATS and MILLINERY GOODS in endless variety.

We invite ONE and ALL to

Examine our Stock

before buying as we

FEEL CONFIDENT

we can save you money.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

CORNER STORE, GRAY BLOCK.

J. S. BIRROW & SONS.

Winston, N. C., No. 10-3m.

whether Republican, Democrat, Prohibition or

Greenback, seems to be satisfied on one point—that

is, that the administration

of Cleveland, will give us

the best government the

sun shines upon.

The people of Salem, Winston and vicinity are

PARTICULARLY CONVINCED

that the following truths

are predominant in regard

to their direct welfare.

THE BALTIMORE

CLOTHING

HOUSE

is a solid institution.

Its mode of transacting

business is highly satisfactory.

The magnificent

Stock of Clothing

just received for the

Spring and Summer

of '85 has been weighed

in the balance and NOT

found wanting.

The prices are those that

will not materially damage

the lightest purse.

That a customer's interest

is always my chief ambition.

That my stock of

CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

is a daisy.

That you are

ALWAYS WELCOME

whether on a tour of purchase or inspection.

CALL AND SEE

and receive a greeting as

well as a bargain.

From Yours Truly

M. M. STEIN,

MAIN STREET,

WINSTON N. C.

Winston, N. C., No. 12.



GIERSH, SENSEMAN & CO.,

AT SIGN OF THE

BIC COFFEE POT,

Headquarters for all Kinds of

Cook and Heating Stoves.

Below we give prices of our leading Cook Stoves.

NO. 7. IRON KING. \$17.70.
NO. 7. NEW LIGHTHOUSE. 19.70.
NO. 7. ELMO. 12.70.
NO. 7. CORA COOK. 13.70.

Vessels will be furnished at lowest prices. We manufacture and keep on hand a big stock of TOBACCO FLUES, TINWARE, FINE IRON, &c., at lowest prices, with a reliable and retail. Very Respectfully,

GIERSH, SENSEMAN & CO., MAIN STREET, SALEM, N. C.

April 16th, 1885—1f.

NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS. TESTED, EARLIEST, STRONGEST, BEST, FLOWER, VEGETABLE and FIELD.

\$5000 Worth of Premiums to be given to those who get up Clubs for my seeds. Farm machinery, Tools, Gold & Silver Watches, Etc

\$50.00 GOLD WATCH will be given to the person who sends me the largest amount of orders.

\$3.00 Worth of Seeds FREE. See page 27 in Catalogue.

\$25 In Gold will be given to the person who raises the largest Crop on one acre of the 34 Acre "Badger" Dent Corn.

LANG'S LIVE SEEDS. Have a reputation all over the United States for earliness, purity, strength and productiveness.

50 Page beautifully Illustrated Catalogue FREE to all.

\$5 to \$25. Can be saved during the summer by reading the inside page of cover of Lang's Live Seed Catalogue.

F. N. LANG Northern Seed Grower Baraboo, Wis.

—BUY PACIFIC GUANO.—

THE OLDEST GUANO ON THE MARKET.

—OF SUPERIOR UNIFORM COMPOSITION.

FOR RAISING FINE YELLOW TOBACCO IS UNEXCELLED.

Tobacco raised by this GUANO is noticeable for the following qualities, viz: Rapid Growth, Fine Texture and Waxy Leaf, something very much desired by manufacturers.

We refer you to the following farmers who have used it:

James Reed, Reed's N. C.
Rev. S. F. Conrad, Lewisville, N. C.
A. E. Conrad, Lewisville, N. C.
Jonathan Flynn, Pine Hall, N. C.
John Masten, Winston, N. C.

and to hundreds of other good men throughout the tobacco belt.

—SOLD BY—

—D. S. REID,—

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Grocery Department Full and Complete.

I feel confident if all will examine my stock they can be suited in Goods and Prices, as my stock has been bought at

—ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

My motto is "QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS."

Very Respectfully,

D. S. REID, Formerly of REID BROS. & BROOKS.

Feb. 12, 1885.

AT THE SALEM BOOKSTORE

and receive a greeting as well as a bargain.

That a customer's interest is always my chief ambition.

That my stock of

CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND

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CALL AND SEE

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From Yours Truly

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Winston, N

